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1522 Jefferson St. -:- Kerrville, Texas

CACTUS GARDEN



CULTURE OF SUCCULENT PLANTS

CACTUS

Fill the pot about 1" from the bottom with gravel, then finish filling pot to 1" from top with coarse sand and soil. Place the plant in the prepared soil and fill the pot to $\frac{1}{4}$ " with the soil. Wait several days to one week before watering and then give pot a good watering. Then water about once a week during growing season, and once a month during winter. Cactus is a desert plant and should be treated that way. It is like a sponge and absorbs water through the body so give it frequent sprayings. If the soil is very rich add up to 25% sand and 15% gravel. The pots must have drainage for the plant will die if allowed to remain in soggy wet earth for any length of time.

Cut off most of the roots of plants when planting. Healthy plants without roots are just as good as with roots.

SUCCULENTS OTHER THAN CACTUS

Most of these plants are from the Tropics and therefore a heavier humidity is required than the Cacti. So therefore must have more water. Put about 1" of gravel in bottom of pot and 25% coarse sand, 25% gravel, and 50% leaf mold, mixed well to about 1" from top of pot. Prune roots back but not so severely as the cactus plants and set plant in the pot and fill pot with the soil. Wait at least a day before watering and water well from then on.

Most of the succulent are from South Africa, so therefore the seasons are reversed. That is, the growing season is during our winter and should be treated that way and should be rested in the summer and keep them in a warm place during winter and water every day, and you should be blessed with beautiful flowers all the winter.

GENERAL INFORMATION REGARDING SUCCULENTS

The best month to order succulents are the cool months of spring and fall. They arrive in good condition without any loss of leaves or dehydration.

Approximately 6-7 succulents weigh one pound. Overseas shipments require postage paid by the customer at the time of order, minimum order \$10.00. On orders under \$5.00 in the states will be required to pay postage, on all orders over \$5.00 we will pay postage. Plants will be shipped by Parcel Post unless otherwise stated.

Please allow three weeks for shipping because of several reasons.

Drawings are not accompanying the plants for several reasons, but are placed at the end of the catalog.

FREE PLANTS GIVEN WITH EACH ORDER OF CACTI OR SUCCULENTS NO MATTER HOW SMALL OR LARGE THE ORDER IS.

THANKS.

SPECIMEN PLANTS

Ferocactus wislizeni 1 - $1\frac{1}{4}$ feet diameter - as long as they last	\$25.00
Echinocereus triglochidiatus 50 to 60 head cluster	25.00
Astrophytum ornatus 2 feet high	15.00
Echinocereus enneacanthus 25 to 40 head cluster	25.00
Hamatocactus hamatocanthus 1 foot diameter	15.00
Echinocactus horizonthalonius 6-8 inches in diameter	7.00
Agave americana up to 2 feet in diameter	10.00

Specimen plants shipped by Freight Collect unless postage paid by customer.

Echinocereus reichenbachii - Snow Ball. This plant has a wide distribution in Texas. Large pale purple blooms in March and April. 2 inch 40¢, 3-4 inch 50¢.

E. perbellus - Lace Cactus. Same as the above except the spines are brown and red in circles around the plant. Some people consider this the same species as the above. Large purple flowers in March. 2 inch 50¢, 3-4 inch 60¢.

E. dasyacanthus - Texas Rainbow. West Texas and Mexico. This is very easily distinguished from the above by its large yellow flowers. Plants are very spiny and are cylindrical. The spines vary in color from gray to red. 2 inch 50¢, 3-5 inch 80¢.

E. roetteri - From West Texas. Similar to the above except for its fewer ribs, stouter spines and purple flowers. 2 inch 70¢, 4-8 inch \$1.20.

Echinocereus viridiflorus - Green-flowered Pitaya. From West Texas. Ovate in shape from 3-6 inches high. Spines are variegated from brown to orange yellow to white. Flowers small greenish. 3 inch 50¢, 4-6 inch 70¢.

E. chloranthus - Brown-flowered Pitaya. From West Texas. Ovate in shape and densely covered with short, stiff, brown or reddish brown spines. Small brown flowers around the middle of the plant. 2 inch 50¢, 4-6 inch 70¢.

Echinocereus delectii - Long Hair. From Central Mexico. Long white hair that covers the entire plant. Flowers crimson. Nice single plants \$2.50. VERY RARE.

E. enneacanthus - Lady Finger. From South Texas. Forms clusters 3-4 feet across. Flowers purple. Clusters 6 inches \$3.00.

Echinocereus triglochidiatus - Claret Cup Cactus. From Central Texas. These plants also form clusters with many stems forming large clumps. One of the earliest cactus to bloom, covering the plant with hundreds of scarlet blooms. Clusters 6 inch \$2.00.

E. rosei - Spiny Cups. From West Texas and New Mexico. Another plant that forms clumps with straw colored spines. Flowers scarlet. Clusters 4-6 inches \$4.00.

E. conoideus - Spiny Cobs. From West Texas and New Mexico. Similar to the above except the stems are larger. Flowers red. Clusters 4-6 inches \$4.00.

E. pentelophus - Small Lady Fingers. Long stems of ½ inch, spreading over the ground and upturned tips. Forming large clusters. Flowers reddish-violet. Single plants 50¢, Clusters 4-6 inches \$2.00.

E. fitchii - From South Texas. The South Texas variety of *E. reichenbachii*. Flowers reddish-purple. 2 inch 50¢, 4 inch 70¢.

E. berlandieri - From South Texas. Procumbent, flabby or soft about 6 inches high. Ribs 6 in number. Flowers pink. Clusters of 3-5 or more heads 35¢, 45¢, and 65¢. RARE.

Echinocereus stramineus - Strawberry Cactus. West Texas. A large mass of straw colored spines from heads of light green. Flowers rose purple. Clusters 6 inches \$4.00.

Echinocactus horizionthalonius - Devil's Head. From West Texas. Round in shape with round ribs that divide it like a cantalope. A beautiful powder-blue plant with strong spines on the ribs. Flowers rose pink. 2 inch 30¢, 4-5 inch 75¢.

Homalocephala texensis - Horse Crippler. From Central Texas and Northern Mexico. This species is flat growing attaining a width of 12-14 inches and a height of 2-12 inches. Body dark green with pronounced ribs with bear stout sharp spines. Flowers feathery pink and fragrant. 2 inch 30¢, 4-6 inch 50¢, 6-12 inches \$1.50 when available.

Hamatocactus setispinus - Twisted Ribs. From Central Texas and South Texas. A strongly ribbed cactus with central spines hooked. A very persistent bloomer, blooming from spring to fall with lemon yellow flowers with red center. 3 inch 40¢, 4-8 inch 75¢.

Hamatocactus hamatoacanthus - Fishhook Cactus. From West Texas. A large bulky plant with spines weak and the centrals hooked, sometimes the central spine is 6 inches long. Flowers yellow with red center. 3 inch 50¢, 4-8 inch \$1.00.

Echinomastus intertextus - From West Texas. This plant has red to gray spines which lie flat against the plant and are interlaced, with the exception of one central spine, which is very short, stout and directed outward. Flowers white. 2 inch 50¢.

E. dasyacanthus - From West Texas. Similar to the above but the flowers are pink and larger, and the spines are longer. 2 inch 50¢.

Ancistrocactus scheeri - Fish Hook Cactus. From South Texas. This plant is 2-4 inches tall sometimes forming clusters, from a fleshy tap root. The body is shiny green with gray hooked spines. Flowers greenish-yellow. 2 inch 50¢.

Neobesseya wismannii - Nipple Cactus. Central Texas to Oklahoma. It grows solitary or in clusters with 20-50 heads. Globose, tapering tubercles tipped with spines. Flowers yellow. 2 inch \$1.00. VERY RARE.

Neobesseya similis - Nipple Cactus. Central Texas to Oklahoma. The stems are single or in masses with many heads. Tubercles spiraled, tipped with gray spines. Flowers greenish-yellow. 2 inch \$1.00. VERY RARE.

Neobesseya missouriensis - Northern Texas and Oklahoma. Similar to the above species. Also VERY RARE. 2 inch \$1.00.

Thelocactus bicolor - Glory of Texas. From South Texas. Light green, obovate body, slightly pointed at the top. The spines are medium and white, darker towards the base. Flowers purple. 2 inch 50¢, 3-4 inch 75¢.

Thelocactus schottii - Glory of Texas. From West Texas. Similar to the above in shape but the spines are much heavier and more of them, greenish in color. Flowers pink. 2 inch 50¢.

Thelocactus tricolor - From West Texas. A multi-colored cactus with spines of yellow, white and red, but otherwise similar to the above. Flowers purple. 2 inch 50¢.

Coryphantha (Ferocactus) uncinatus - Fish Hook Cactus. A short, cylindrical plant which attains a height of 12-14 inches. The body is bluish green in color, with central spines are long and hooked, yellow below and reddish towards the tips, curving the top of the plant forming a mass of spines at the top. Flowers orange to chocolate, and almost hidden by the spines. 2 inch 50¢.

Coryphantha macromeris - West Texas. Nipple Cactus. This plant is a heavy mass of nipples topped by spines. Flowers wine colored. Single heads 50¢, clusters 6 inches \$3.00.

Coryphantha runyonii - Nipple Cactus. From South Texas. Similar to the above but the flowers are pale purple. Single heads 50¢, clusters 6 inches \$3.50.

Coryphantha echinus - From West Texas. This plant is a heavy mass of spines covering a conical shaped body. Flowers yellow. 2 inch 45¢.

Coryphantha vivipara - From Texas to Minnesota. This plant is round ball shaped, with spines of a whitish-grey in color. Grows solitary or in clusters. Flowers pink. 2 inch 75¢. VERY RARE, and few are on hand.

Coryphantha neo-mexicana - West Texas. Globular to short oblong, with body hidden under a mass of gray spines. Flowers purple. 2 inch 45¢.

Coryphantha pectinata - Combed-spined coryphantha. West Texas. Very similar to *C. echinus* except lacking the central spine. 2 inch 45¢.

Escobaria tuberosa - West Texas. Plant is single or branched, grows from 3-6 inches high, usually cylindrical with white spines. The lower tubercles are bare of spines. Flowers pink. 3 inch 45¢.

Escobaria dasyacantha - West Texas. Similar to the above except the spines cover the entire plant, thus avoiding the naked appearance of the lower part of the plant. Flowers are deep pink. 2 inch 45¢.

Escobaria runyonii - South Texas. A very beautiful plant of several heads that are covered with white and gray spines. Flowers pale purple with darker mid stripe. Singles 35¢, nice clusters \$1.00.

Dolichothele sphaerica - Butter Pincushion. South Texas. Plant with green nipples tipped with a mass of spines. A very beautiful plant clustering very easily. Flowers butter yellow and very large. Singles 45¢, clusters \$1.00. RARE.

Mammillaria hemisphaerica - Pincushion Cactus. From Texas and Northern Mexico. Plant dark green 1-2 inches high and 3-7 inches in diameter. Low, half hidden in the soil and mounding up. It is covered with nipples tipped by spine masses. Flowers yellowish to brownish-red tinged with red. Seed pods appear in the fall, winter, and spring. 2 inch 30¢.

Mammillaria heyderi - Pincushion Cactus. From Texas and Mexico. Closely resembles the above, taking a close observer to note the difference. It is a flat growing not a mounding type as the above, not easily seen until one is upon it. Flowers pink. 2 inch 35¢.

Mammillaria applanta - Pincushion Cactus. From Texas and Mexico. Similar to above. The tubercles are more spreading and fewer, and clusters of spines at tips of tubercles are stronger and fewer. Flowers pink. 2 inch 50¢.

Mammillaria meiacantha - Pincushion Cactus. From West Texas and New Mexico. Similar to the above. It may be called the gaint of the species as it grows quite large. Flowers cream to pink with a dark mid rib. 2 inch 35¢, 4-6 inch 75¢.

Mammillaria elongata - Golden Stars. Eastern Mexico. Plant covered with yellow spines. The plants are clustering forming beautiful clusters in about a year or so. Flowers white. Singles cobs 75¢. IMPORTED.

Mammillaria multiceps - Tom Thumb Cactus. Southern Texas. Similar to *Escobaria runyonii* except the stems are softer and the spines are not as stiff as the *E. runyonii*. Clusters very easily. Flowers white to yellow. Single cobs 30¢, clusters \$1.00.

Mammillaria bocasana - Snow Ball Pincushion. A very beautiful plant from Mexico, that is one of the white hairy types with tiny hooked spines. IMPORTS. 2 inch 75¢. A few on hand.

Mammillaria pottsii - Fox Tail. West Texas. One of the cylindrical types with simple stems or cespitose. Spines are snow white entirely covering the plant. Flowers pink encircling the plant. 2 inch 45¢, clusters \$2.00.

Mammillaria microcarpa - West Texas and Mexico. One of the cylindric hooked spined species. The plants are either single or cespitose, with tubercles small. Many spreading cream colored, darker tipped radial spines. Flower large pink. 2 inch 50¢, clusters \$1.50.

Mammillaria denudata - Loose Button. West Texas and Coahuila, Mexico. This plant is of the small round type covered with tiny tubercles which are tipped with many tiny white spines. The abundance or spines entirely covering the plant and giving it a snowy appearance. The flowers are small and pink. 1 inch 50¢. Sometimes clusters are available that are selling for \$1.50.

Mammillaria lasiacantha - Loose Button. West Texas and New Mexico. Very similar to the above. Flowers are pink. 1 inch 75¢. RARE.

Pediocactus simpsonii - Colorado Cactus. From Colorado, Utah, Nevada, and Northward. Similar to *M. hemisphaerica* but more rounded at the top with white wool in the new growth. Flowers yellow. 2 inch 75¢.

Coryphantha alversonii - Snow ball. West Texas. Similar to *M. denudata* but with spines pointed straight up from the top of plant and gray tipped. Rare. 2 inch \$1.00.

Coryphantha hesteri - From West Texas. A RARE plant that has been recently discovered in Texas. It is green in color with rather large tubercles tipped with spines. Flowers wine colored. 2 inch \$1.00.

Neolloydia texensis - Black Knob. West Texas. The stems are small, cylindrical and very spiny. Spines are white with black tips, and widely spreading. Flowers pink or purple. 2 inch 50¢.

Ariocarpus fissuratus - Living rock. Mountains of West Texas. The only species of this genus known in Texas. Flat growing, star shaped, dark green body. Flowers rose-pink, blooming in the fall. 2 inch 50¢.

Astrophytum asterias - Sand Dollar. From South Texas and Mexico. A very beautiful flat plant with no spines and low ribs with wool in the center of these ribs. Flowers large yellow. 2 inch 75¢. Larger \$1.00.

Epiphyllum oxypetalum - Dutchman's Pipe. Mexico. Plants stout, branched flat and thin, about 2 inches wide and sometimes three feet long. An epiphytic plant but grows well in a loose, rich soil. Flowers nocturnal large, white. Cuttings 25¢.

Epiphyllum strictum - From Southern Mexico. Another epiphytic plant with long tapering flat stems about 1½ inches wide and 2 feet long. A rich porous soil is required for this plant. Flowers large, white with a red or pink style, stigma lobes yellow. Cuttings 30¢.

Echinopsis multiplex - Pink Easter Lily Cactus. Large pink Flowers. Flowers at night. Produces offsets very freely. Will stand 20 degrees or less. 2 inch 50¢.

Echinopsis ritteri - Giant Easter Lily. Large White flowers at night. Freely offsetting. Will stand 20 degrees or less. 2 inch 50¢.

Echinopsis meyeri - White Easter Lily. Large white flowers at night. Will stand 20 degrees or less. 2 inch 50¢.

Echinopsis assortment of 6 plants. Some may be the same, some are rare. These are offsets from different plants and are from one inch to 2 inches in diameter. \$1.00.

Selenicereus vagans - Pencil Cactus. Native of Mexico. Stems small, $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in diameter with ten ribs. Spines small. Air roots in between ribs. Flowers are white. Cuttings 50¢.

Aporocactus flagelliformes - Rattail Cactus. Many long slender, trailing branches covered with short brownish colored spines. Produces an abundance of beautiful pink flowers. Cuttings 25¢.

Acanthocereus pentagonius - Native of coastal regions of Texas. Three to six angled bright green branches which bear white or grayish brownish spines along the margins of the ribs. Night bloomer with large white flowers. Cuttings 45¢.

Lophocereus schottii monstrosus - Totom Pole. Columnar, ribless, many smooth bumps and knobs. Looks like green jade. 6 inch \$2.00, 8 inch \$2.50. IMPORTS.

- GENERAL INFORMATION ON CACTUS -

All plants are State Inspected by a Certified agent of the Texas Agricultural Department. Each plant will be wrapped and labeled correctly. Plants will be shipped by Parcel Post unless otherwise stated. OUR GUARANTEE is for safe delivery of sound, healthy stock to anywhere in the world.

Overseas Shipments require postage paid by the customer at the time of order and minimum order \$10.00. Approximately three plants with wrapping weigh one pound.

Minimum order in the States is \$5.00, and we pay postage, all orders under the \$5.00 minimum the customer pays the postage.

- OPUNTIAS -

There are about 34 species of *Opuntia* listed in Texas and we handle 31 of them. The flowers range in color from purple through red, brown and yellow.

Opuntia leptocaulis - Pencil Cactus. Southwestern U. S. and Northern Mexico. Usually bushy and compact. Plant stems slender with long spines. There is a great variation in the species of cactus. Flowers small, inconspicuous and greenish-yellow. The fruit (red) form and remain on the plant all the winter making a very beautiful plant. Small plants 10¢, larger 45¢.

O. grahamii - Rock Cactus. West Texas and Northern Mexico. Grows in clusters with clavate joints and long yellow spines. Flowers yellow. Small clusters \$1.50.

O. schottii - Rock Cactus. West Texas and Northeastern Mexico. Similar to the above but with smaller arioles. Forms dense clusters. Flowers yellow. Small clusters \$1.50.

O. kleiniae - Pencil Cactus. Texas and Central Mexico. Stems grow sparsely and may reach a height of 3-5 feet. It is cane stemmed, coming between the slender *O. leptocaulis* and the heavy stemmed *O. imbricata*. Flowers purple or brown. Cuttings 25¢.

O. imbricata - Tree Cactus. Texas. Tree type in shape, with few to many erect stems growing to a height of 8-15 feet. The stems are cylindrical, tuberculated, about one inch in diameter, and very spiny. Spines are short and numerous, being covered with sheathe. Flowers bright purple. Cuttings 25¢.

O. davisii - Ghost Cactus. West Texas. A low growing tree type cholla with dense straw colored spines, covering with loose sheaths. Flowers olive-green to yellow. Cuttings 35¢.

O. tunicata - Walking Stick Cactus. West Texas and Northern Mexico. A thick, woody stem sometimes as high as 3 feet or more. Covered with many grayish white spines which are enclosed by thin papery sheaths. Flowers yellow. Cuttings 40¢.

Opuntia microrhiza - Missouri and Kansas to Texas. Small round pads 2 inches in diameter. Brown areoles with a very few spines, mostly on the top of the pads. Flowers yellow. Cuttings 35¢ per pad.

O. mackensensis - Kerrville Cactus. From Kerr County only. Low growing plant with spreading branches, the lower edge of the pads resting on the ground, occasional erect. Joints 4-8 inches long, orbicular to obovate. Flowers yellow with red centers. Small plants 35¢.

Opuntia gradiflora - Large Flowered *Opuntia*. Eastern Texas. Low with somewhat ascending branches, with few spines. Largest and most beautiful flowered species in Texas. Flowers yellow, red center. Pad 35¢.

Opuntia rufida - Blind Pear. West Texas. Erect with definite trunk, joints orbicular and thickish, dull green in color and studded with dark red bristles which causes it to be admired by all. Flowers yellow to orange. Pad 40¢.

Opuntia schickendantzii - Northern Argentina. Shrub like, three feet high or more. Pads long and narrow somewhat tuberculate. Flowers yellow. Pads 35¢.

Opuntia engelmannii - Englemann's prickly pear. Southwestern U. S. One of the commonest large jointed *Opuntias*. The joints are large, circular to obovate, sometimes 12-14 inches long, yellowish green in color and well covered with white spines from one to two inches long. Flowers large yellow. Pads 20¢.

Opuntia atrispina - Black-spined pear. Native of Texas. The stems are low and spreading, secondary stems mostly erect. Spines are jet black at the base, changing to orange at the tips. Flowers yellow changing to orange, green center. Pads 35¢.

Opuntia linguiformis - Cows Tongue Cactus. Native of Baxar County, Texas. The pads are long tongue-shaped, thus the common name. Pads 2-5 feet long and 4-6 inches wide. Plants obtain a height of 7-8 feet. Flowers yellow. Pads 65¢.

Opuntia lindheimeri - Prickly Pear. Native of Northern Mexico and Southwestern U. S. Very heavy erect plant with more or less definite trunk, joints green or bluish-green, orbicular to obovate, spines yellow to white. Flowers yellow to orange and scarlet red. Pads 25¢.

STRIGIL

Opuntia strigil - Native to West Texas. Plant erect or ascending. Pads 2-4 inches across, very spiny, tinged with red at the tips. Flowers yellow. Pads 25¢.

Opuntia tenuispina - West Texas. Plant forming a bush with many branches. Pads 4-6 inches long, covered with yellow spines and glochids. Flowers yellow. Pads 30¢.

Opuntia macrocentra - Big Bend Cactus. West Texas. This plant is rarely ever 3-6 feet high. Joints are circular, reddish to purplish in color. Spines are usually brown or black in color, sometimes paler at the tips, and two to five inches long. Flowers yellow. Pads 45¢.

Opuntia tardispina - Central Texas. Low spreading plant, the joints usually resting on the ground. Joints orbicular to obovate. Spines brown to black in color, paler at the tips. Flowers yellow. Pads 25¢.

Opuntia nemoralis - East Texas. Plants low, forming clumps about three feet across. Joints ovate to obovate, thick 2-3 inches across. Spines 1-2 inches from the top of the pads. Flowers pale lemon yellow. Pads 30¢.

Opuntia fuscoatra - East Texas. Plant prostrate with branching stems. Joints orbicular to obovate, somewhat tuberculate 2-3 inches across. Spines 1-2 inches across. Spines 1-2 at each areole at the top of the pads, about one inch long, varying in color from yellow to dark brown or black. Flowers yellow. Pads 20¢.

Opuntia tortispina - Native Western U. S. Prostrate, joints ascending orbicular to obovate. The areoles are filled with reddish bristles with occasionally on spine. Flowers sulphur yellow. Cuttings 35¢.

Opuntia pottsii - Purple Flowered Prickly Pear. Native West Texas. Plants have a thick tuberous root with the spines confined to the top of the pads. Joints are obovate 1-1½ inches in diameter. Flowers purple. Pads 40¢.

Opuntia ballii - Western Texas. Plant is low or procumbent with joints lying on the ground. Joints obovate, 2-4 inches in diameter, pale green. Flowers brownish-yellow. Pads 30¢.

Opuntia phaeacantha - Texas to Arizona. The plant grows low with joints 5-7 inches long. The spines are four in number, the lower ones reflexed, somewhat flattened, 1-2 inches long, red. Flowers yellow. Pads 45¢.

Opuntia spinosibacca - Big Bend National Park. Plant erect with joints obovate 4-6 inches long, thick, green with purple around the areoles, tuberculate, with spines 4-8 in number, varying in length, red near the base fading to dirty brown at the tips. Flowers lemon yellow, green center. Fruit spiny. Pads 60¢.

Opuntia burbank - Burbank Spineless. Native of South Texas. Spineless pads on an erect plant sometimes with a definite trunk. Pads 5-6 inches long. Flowers yellow. Pads 25¢.

Opuntia microdasys - Bunny Ears. Native of Mexico. Covered with clusters of fine spines. Flowers yellow tinged with red. Pads 15¢.

Opuntia maxima - Spineless Cow's Tongue. Native of South Texas. A tall upright plant with tongue-like pads, sometimes two feet long and six inches wide, pads glaucous, thick, nearly one inch thick. RARE. Pads 60¢.

Wilcoxia poselgerii - Pencil Cactus. Native of South Texas. A columnar cactus with 10 ribs with clusters of tiny spines. The stems are small about the size of a lead pencil. Flowers a beautiful, dahlia like bloom and a deep purple. Nice plants with bulbs not cuttings. 60¢.

Selenicereus vagans - Pencil Cactus. Native of Mexico. Stems small, ¼ inch in diameter with 10 ribs. Spines small. Air roots in between the ribs. Flowers white. Cuttings 50¢.

Aporocactus flagelliformes - Rattail Cactus. Many long, slender, trailing branches covered with short brownish colored spines. Produces an abundance of beautiful pinkish flowers. Cuttings 25¢.

Acanthocereus pentagonius - Native of the Coastal regions of Texas. Three to six angled bright green branches which bear white or grayish brown spines along the margins of the ribs. Night bloomer with large white flowers. Cuttings 45¢.

- GENERAL INFORMATION -

Plants are shipped as soon as they can be processed which takes from two weeks to a month and sometimes longer. By processing we mean cleaning, drying, labeling, wrapping separately, packing, etc., which takes considerable time, so please bear with us, and your order will be filled as soon as possible. Thanks.

- SUCCULENTS OTHER THAN CACTUS -

Yucca rupicola - Twisted-leaved Yucca. Central Texas. Plants with a heavy cluster of stiff, twisted leaves 1-3 feet long. Flowers greenish-white. 6 inch plant 35¢, larger 75¢.

Yucca tenuistyla - Adams Needle. Central Texas. Plants grow close to the ground with dense clusters or rosettes of narrow, sharp pointed leaves with thread-like fibers on the margins of the leaves. Flowers white. 6 inch plant 35¢, larger 75¢.

Nolina texansi - Bear Grass. Central Texas. Leaves grass-like, tough, fibrous, narrow, 2-3 feet long. Flowers white or pinkish. 6 inch plant 35¢, larger 75¢.

Dasyllirion texanum - Saw Yucca. Central Texas. A large rosette of slender, saw toothed leaves, 1-3 feet long, and ½ inch wide. Flower stalk erect, not branched, 6-15 feet tall, terminating in a spike of inconspicuous flowers. 6 inch plant 35¢, larger 75¢.

Agave americana - Century Plant. Texas. A heavy rosette of blue-green, thick leaves, with coarsely spine toothed margins. Flower stalk 10-20 feet tall with cream colored flowers. A fast growing plant. 6 inch plant 35¢, larger 75¢.

Agave marginata - Century Plant. South Texas and Mexico. Similar to the above except white margins along the leaves. A very beautiful plant. 6 inch plants 75¢.

Agave lechugilla - Century Plant. West Texas. A small type of century plant with slender toothed leaves about an inch thick and 7 inches long. 6 inch plant 50¢.

Agave splendens - Century Plant. Central Texas and Mexico. A beautiful bright green plant with a tight rosette of leaves like ball. Leaves have pale green midrib and are toothed with white teeth, are 1½ inches wide and 12 inches long. 6 inch plant 50¢.

Manfreda maculosa - Spice Lily. Central Texas. Lily like plant with basal rosette of fleshy, sparsely brown-spotted leaves. Flowers white or greenish that resembles a tuberose. Perennial dying down when winter comes, but coming out again in the spring. A small plant. 4 inch plant 35¢.

Aloe nobilis - Gold spine Aloe. South Africa. It bears its tall spikes of red flowers during the summer. A small growing species 6 inches in diameter, clustering freely from the base. Stands 20 degrees. Aloes have a strong root system liking a fertile soil, and a sunny location. Nice plants 25¢.

Aloe vera - A beautiful bright green plant with white dots on its fleshy leaves. Flowers remind one of a snake's head before it opens, when it opens the flowers are a yellowish green. Nice plants 30¢.

Aloe saponara - Similar to the above except it never gets as large as the above, and the flowers are orange red on tall spikes. Nice plants 30¢.

Aloe serritifolia - A bluish green aloe that has a number of teeth along the edge of its thick leaves. A type of semi-trailing plant, sprouting freely from the base. Nice plants 30¢.

Aloe humilis - Pearl Aloe. A beautiful green rosette of fleshy leaves thickly speckled with white or brown spots. Nice plants 50¢.

Aloe picta - Spotted Aloe. Another beautiful plant of the small type. A nice thick rosette of thick leaves thickly spotted with white. Nice plants 50¢.

Aloe microstigma - Ungentine Plant. A fine bright green plant with white dots of raised tubercles. This plant is charming at all times. It flowers in January and February with orange-yellow bells. Plants 20¢.

Aloe species - Name unknown to me but a beautiful plant. A deep green rosette of leaves lightly speckled with white dots on raised tubercles. Nice plants 40¢.

Hawarthia margaritifera - This species makes a rosette of sharply, stiff, fleshy leaves, decorated principally on the underside with white, warty tubercles. A small plant always. Nice plant 75¢. RARE.

Stapelia gigantea - Giant Star-fish Flower. One of the largest flowers in nature, sometimes 16 inches across. Flowers very pretty with orange background striped with brown. Cuttings 35¢.

Stapelia variegata - Star Fish Flower. One of the easiest to grow and flower. Flowers are mottled with brown. Rich soil. Cuttings 35¢.

Stapelia hirsuita - Hairy Star Fish Flower. Another easy to grow plant. Flowers are rich brown with brown fibrile hairs covering the bloom. Cuttings 35¢.

Stapelia grandiflora - This species in spite of its name is not as large as the *gigantea*. The flowers are up to 6 inches across, dark purplish brown, rather hairy with purple and whitish hairs. Cuttings 65¢. IMPORTED PLANT.

Stapelia willmanni - This species is a RARE PLANT from South Africa and not much is known concerning it. A nice plant with ascending branches. Cuttings \$1.00. IMPORTED.

Stapelia sinilis - Another RARE plant that is hard to obtain. A rather robust grower with thick green stems. Flowers hairy about 8-10 inches across. Nice cuttings \$1.00. IMPORTED.

Stapelia nobilis - A beautiful plant of a spreading habit and fast growing, soon trailing over the pot. Cuttings 75¢. IMPORTED.

Huernia schneideriana - Snake Plant. Red Dragon Flower. It bears beautiful flowers with velvety red petals with black center. Cuttings 30¢.

Huernia hystrix - A small jointed plant. The flowers are banded with quill-like hairs on the petals. Cuttings 75¢. IMPORTED.

Huernia keniensis - A Beautiful plant with obtusely angled stems and little reddish-purple bells. Cuttings 50¢.

Bryophyllum laxiflora - A nice green plant with indented leaves of bright green, thick. Flowers yellow. Unrooted cuttings 25¢.

Bryophyllum tuberflorum - Slender leaves flecked with purple specks with little plantlets at the end of every leaf. Flowers Orange. Nice plants 25¢.

Kalanchoe marmata - Beautiful spotted leaves with purple blotches, gray green in color. Flowers white. Nice plants 25¢.

Kalanchoe diagramatiana - Sprouting Leaf. Bright green leaves with wavy margins with indentions of purple. Plantlets come with every indentation of the leaf. A very easy plant to grow. Plants 35¢.

Kalanchoe verticulata - Air Plant. Bright green leaves with purple markings on the underside, plantlets at every indentation of the leaf. Plants 45¢.

Kalanchoe blossfeldiana - A beautiful plant with purple edges on its bright green leaves. Scarlet flowers. Plants 35¢.

Kalanchoe tormentosa - A plush plant that has green leaves covered with a soft felt. Plants 45¢.

Echeveria glauca - A nice heavy rosette of leaves that are powder blue in color. Plants 35¢.

Echeveria gibbiflora - A nice plant with bright green leaves in the shape of a loose rosette with a powder on each leaf. Plants 35¢.

Sedum alba - Little pickles. Small moss-like plant with tiny, thick leaves, grayish green in color. Flowers white star shaped. Plants 15¢.

Sedum weinbergii - A beautiful plant with gray green leaves of moss like nature. A cluster of yellow flowers in the early spring. Plants 35¢.

Sedum sarmentosum - A vine like sedum that grows fast and is ideal for hanging basket. Plants 45¢.

Sedum pulvinata - Pussy Ears. A very attractive plant with plush leaves in loose rosettes. Plants 35¢.

Sedum organum - This plant is an interesting evergreen with fat flobular leaves that take on varying tones of green, yellow, and red, and blooms in July with yellow flowers. Plants 35¢.

Sedum species - This is a plant that I haven't been able to identify. It is similar to *weinbergii* but the leaves are green and the flowers white. Plants 35¢.

Lithops leslie - Split Rock. A beautiful rock like plant that belongs to the Mesem. family. It is easily grown in sand with very little water. IMPORTED PLANTS. Plants of two heads 75¢.

Euphorbia woodii - A nice plant that grows from a fleshy root and sends up green stems that are curved and wavy. IMPORTED. Nice plants \$1.00.

Euphorbia bupleurifolia - Another plant growing from a fleshy root with green leaves from the top of the plant. IMPORTS. Plants \$1.00.

Euphorbia psuedocactus - A Cactus like plant with thorns (not spines) along the margin of the stems. The green stem is mottled with white markings. IMPORTS. 4 inch plants 75¢, 6 inch \$1.00, taller up to 12 inches \$2.00.

Euphorbia pulvinata - A clustering plant with six or eight heads with green ribs, and studded with thorns. IMPORTED. Single 45¢, 6 heads \$1.50, 8 heads \$4.00.

Euphorbia stellaspina - A peculiar looking plant that has inverted spines and ribs, spines in between the ribs. IMPORTED. Plants \$1.50.

Euphorbia hermantiana - Nice green triangle plants that have leaves along the margins, clustering from above the ground very freely. Nice plants 65¢.

Euphorbia antispythilitica - Wax Plant. Stems straight upright, fleshy round and gray in color. Plants 35¢.

Euphorbia tirucalli - Leafless plant of green stems that branch profusely. A beautiful plant for the background of a dish garden. Nice plants 45¢.

Portulacaria afra - Little round leaves along a brown weedy stem making it resemble something out of this world. Cuttings 35¢.

Kleinia fulgens - A very pretty plant of deep green leaves.. Yellow spikes of flowers in winter. Nice plants 25¢.

Kleinia stapeliiformis - A Candy-stripped *Kleinia* that has large purple flowers in late fall. Cuttings 35¢.

Kleinia articulata - A nice articulated green plant with white markings and leaves similar to wild grape. Cuttings 35¢.

Aeonium arboreum - It forms large branches which grow chiefly in winter. The flowers are small in a loose inflorescence. Cuttings 35¢.

Anacampserus rhodesens - Beautiful cone like plants growing from a rather fleshy root. Flowers pink. Plants \$1.00. IMPORTS.

Anacampserus rufesens - Another beautiful trailing plant with fine hairs in the leaves and bracks, multicolored leaves. Flowers pink. Plants 60¢.

Sansevieria zeylanica - Snake Plant. A beautiful plant with yellow edges to its snake like leaves nearly two feet tall. It will thrive in a dark corner. Flowers bell shaped and very fragrant. Nice plants 15¢.

Sansevieria hahnii - Birds Nest. Nice rosettes of pale green leaves that are mottled with white. Rosettes are small and multiply freely. Plants 20¢.

Sansevieria trifasciata - Mother-in-law plant. A nice green leaved plant with leaves two feet long and mottled with white. Flowers similar to *zeylanica*. Nice plants 10¢.

Sansevieria cylindrica - Round Plant. Blades round and very long and tapering, mottled with white. Plants 45¢.

Pedilanthus aphylla - Red-Bird Cactus. A very beautiful shrub-like plant with white, green, red, and purple variegated leaves. Flowers red. Cuttings 35¢.

Haworthia fasciata - A nice little plant that stays small and sprouting freely from the base. The leaves are in rosette form and are grayish green mottled with white. Nice plants 50¢.

Zebrina pendula - Purple Wandering Jew. A very beautiful trailing plant with brilliant purple leaves. Nice purple flowers. Cuttings 15¢.

Tradescantis fluminensis - A green leaf variety of wandering jew with white flowers. Cuttings 15¢.

Spiromoma fragans - Green Wandering Jew. A strong growing relative of the Wandering Jew, with hanging stems, terminating with rosettes of broad, oblong-lance-shaped leaves. Small fragrant white flowers in clusters on tall stems. A tolerant house plant. Cuttings 35¢.

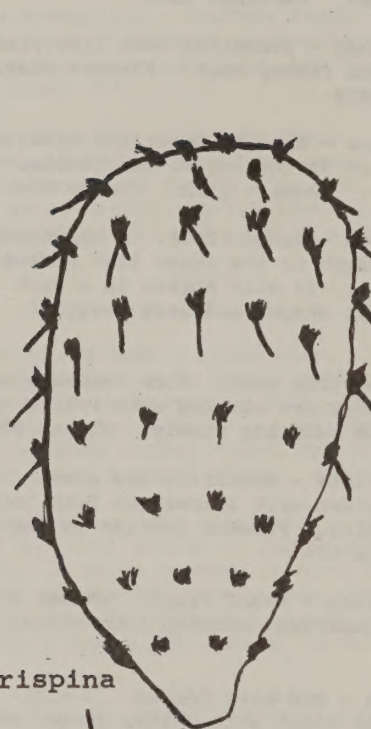
- ADDITIONAL CACTUS -

Epithelantha greggii (Clusters) - Canella. Old Mexico. These clusters are beautiful with 60 to 70 heads of buttons that have a brownish cast and are easily grown. Clusters \$1.50.

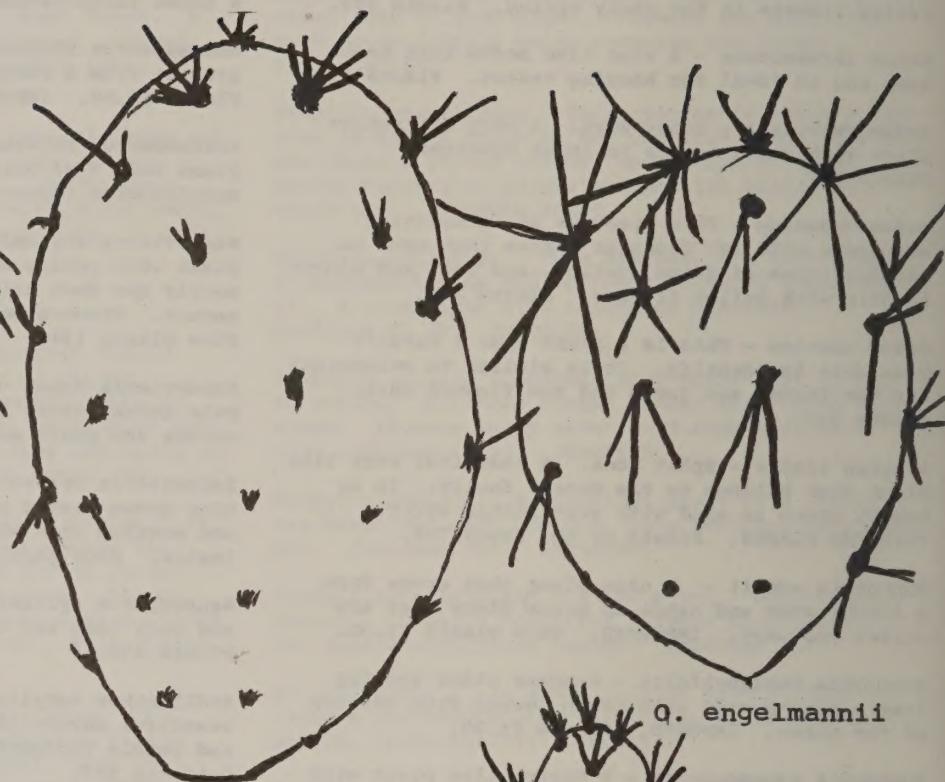
<i>Opuntia</i> assorted. 10 pads.	\$1.25
6 Cactus Named (Beautiful)	1.25
12 Cactus Named (Beautiful)	2.25

Nyctocereus guatemalensis - Guatemala. Stems half erect, arching, about three feet long and one inch in diameter. Covered with spines and 11 ribs. Easy. White flowers. Cuttings 50¢.

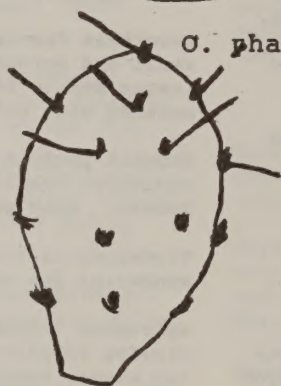
O. atrispina



O. engelmannii



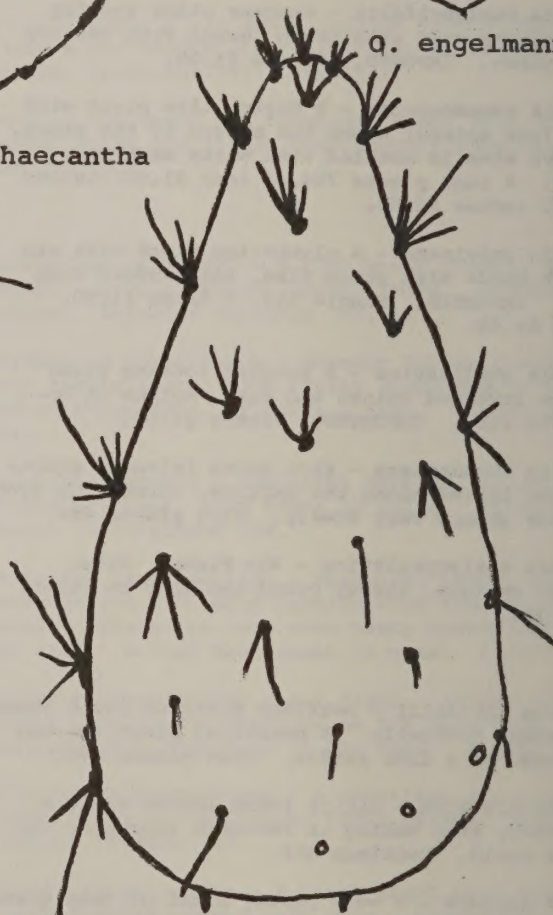
O. phaecantha



O. spinosibacca

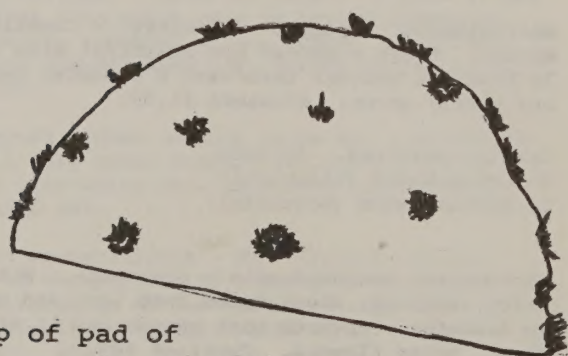


O. stricta



O. linguiformis
O. linguiformis

Top of pad of
O. aciculata

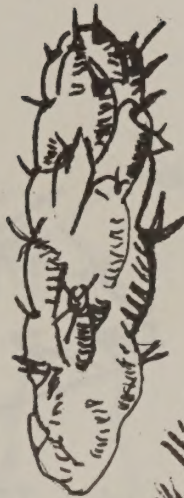




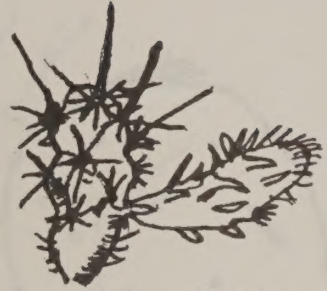
O. leptocaulis



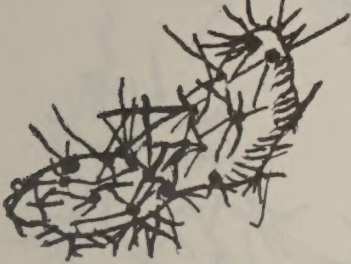
O. kleiniae



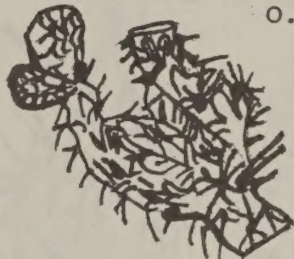
O. imbricata



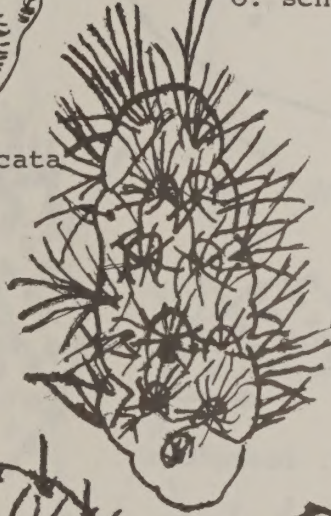
O. schottii



Opuntia grahamii



O. davisii



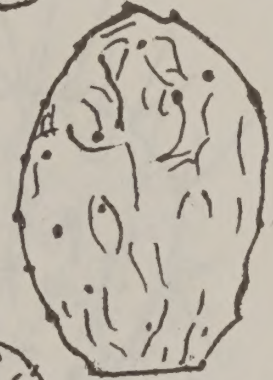
O. tunicata



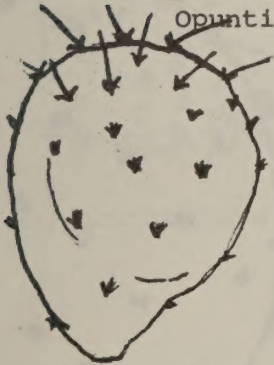
Opuntia macrorhiza



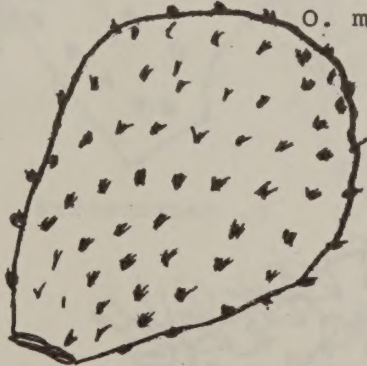
O. mackensisii



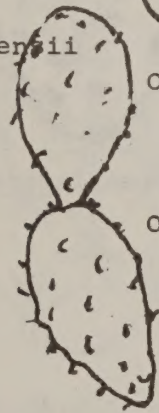
O. grandiflora



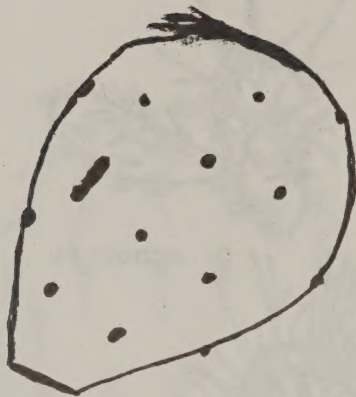
O. nemoralis



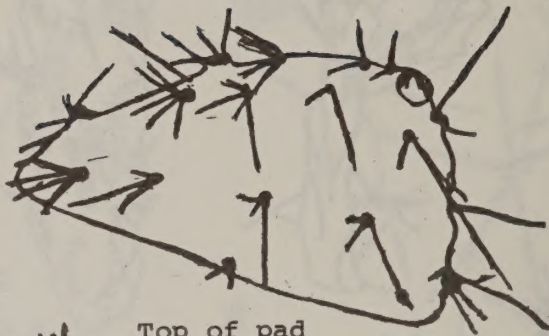
O. rufida



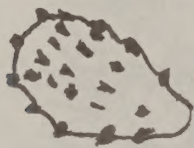
O. allairei



O. Burbank



Top of pad
of O. Tortispina



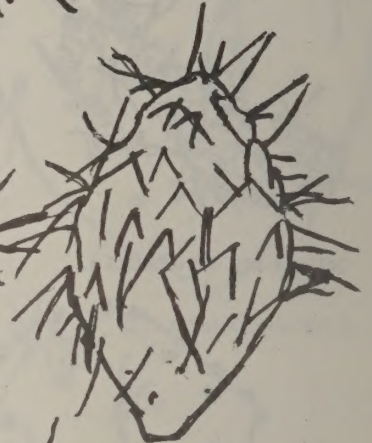
O. fuscoatra



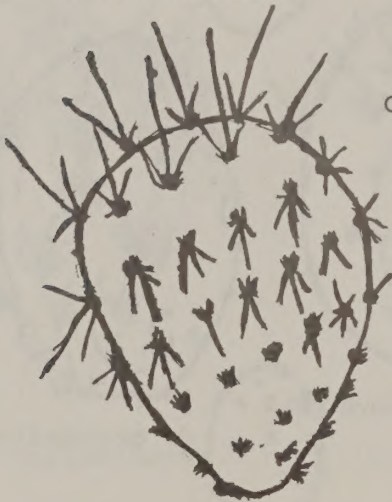
O. strigif



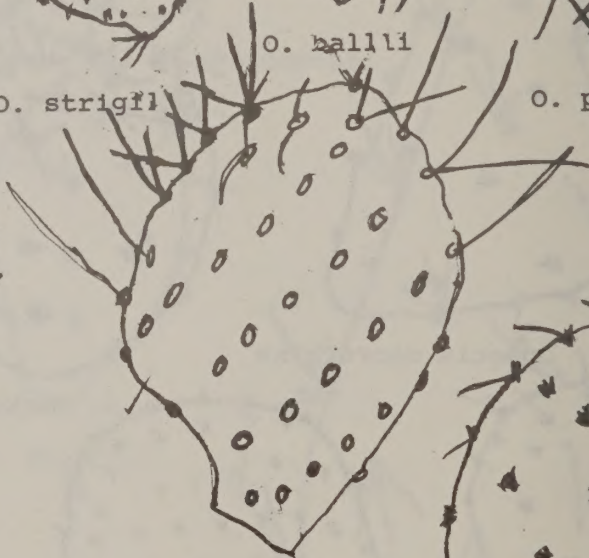
O. halli



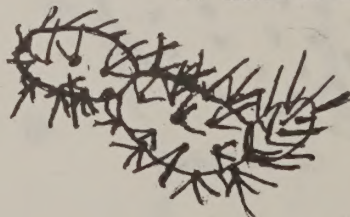
O. pottsi



O. tenuispina



O. macrocentra



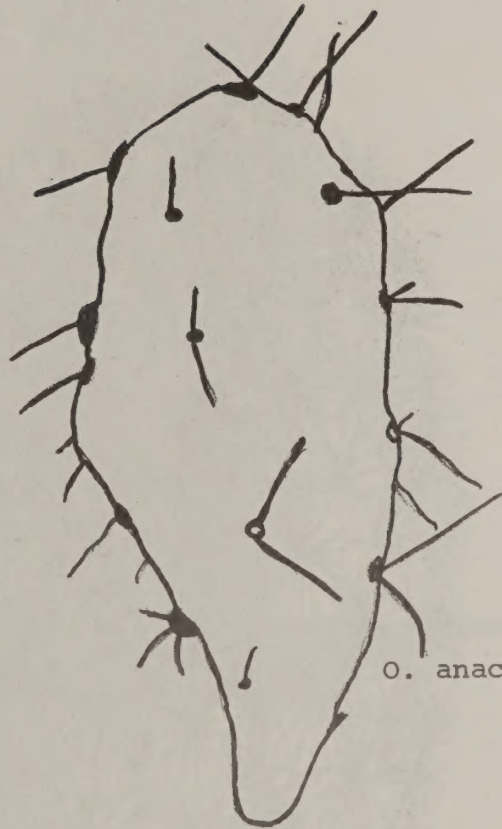
O. fragilis



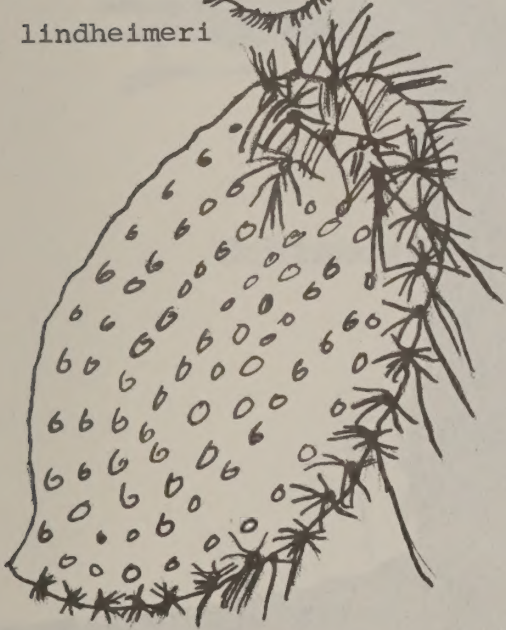
O. tardispina



O. lindheimeri



O. anachuacensis



O. trichophora



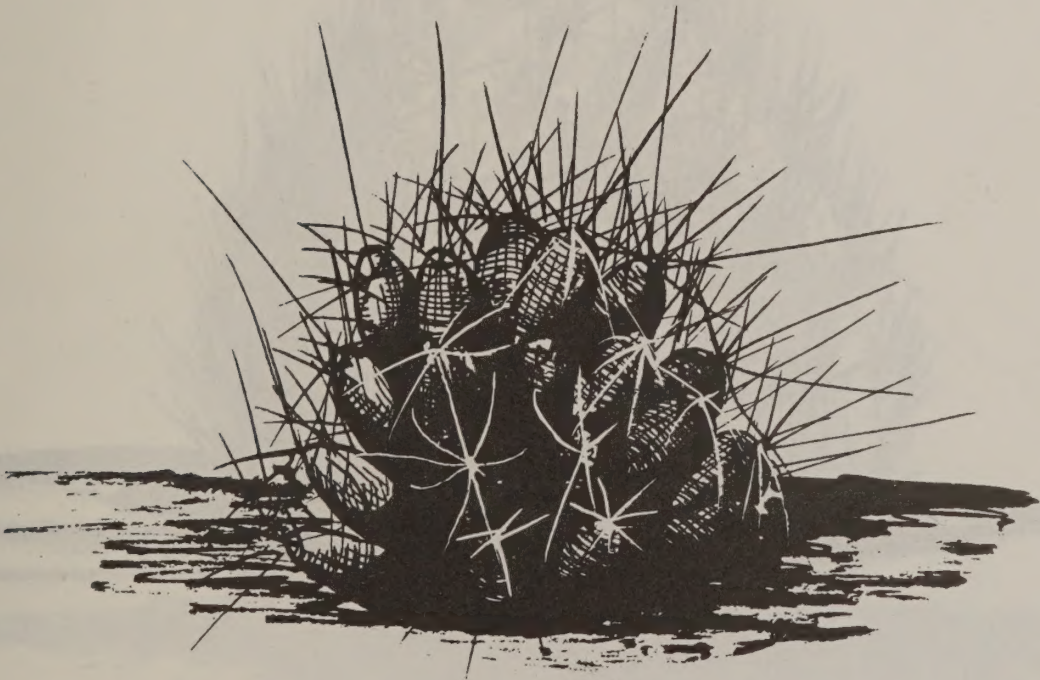
O. polyacantha



Escobaria dasyacanthus



Echinocereus reichenbachii



Coryphantha macromeris



Epithelantha greggii



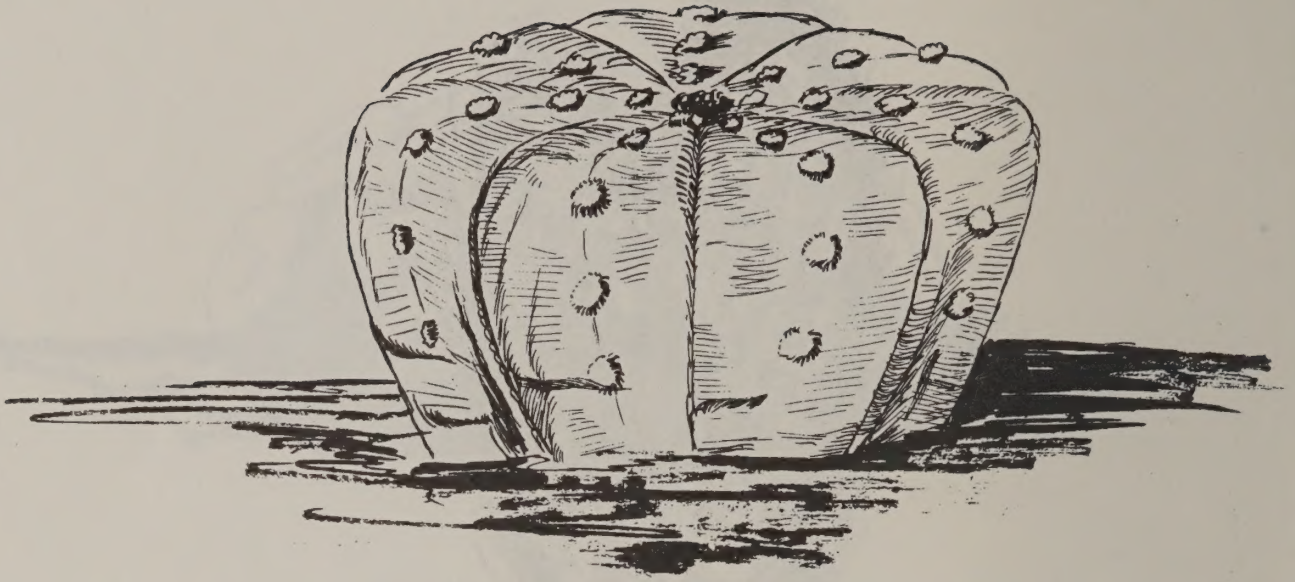
Echinomastus intertextus



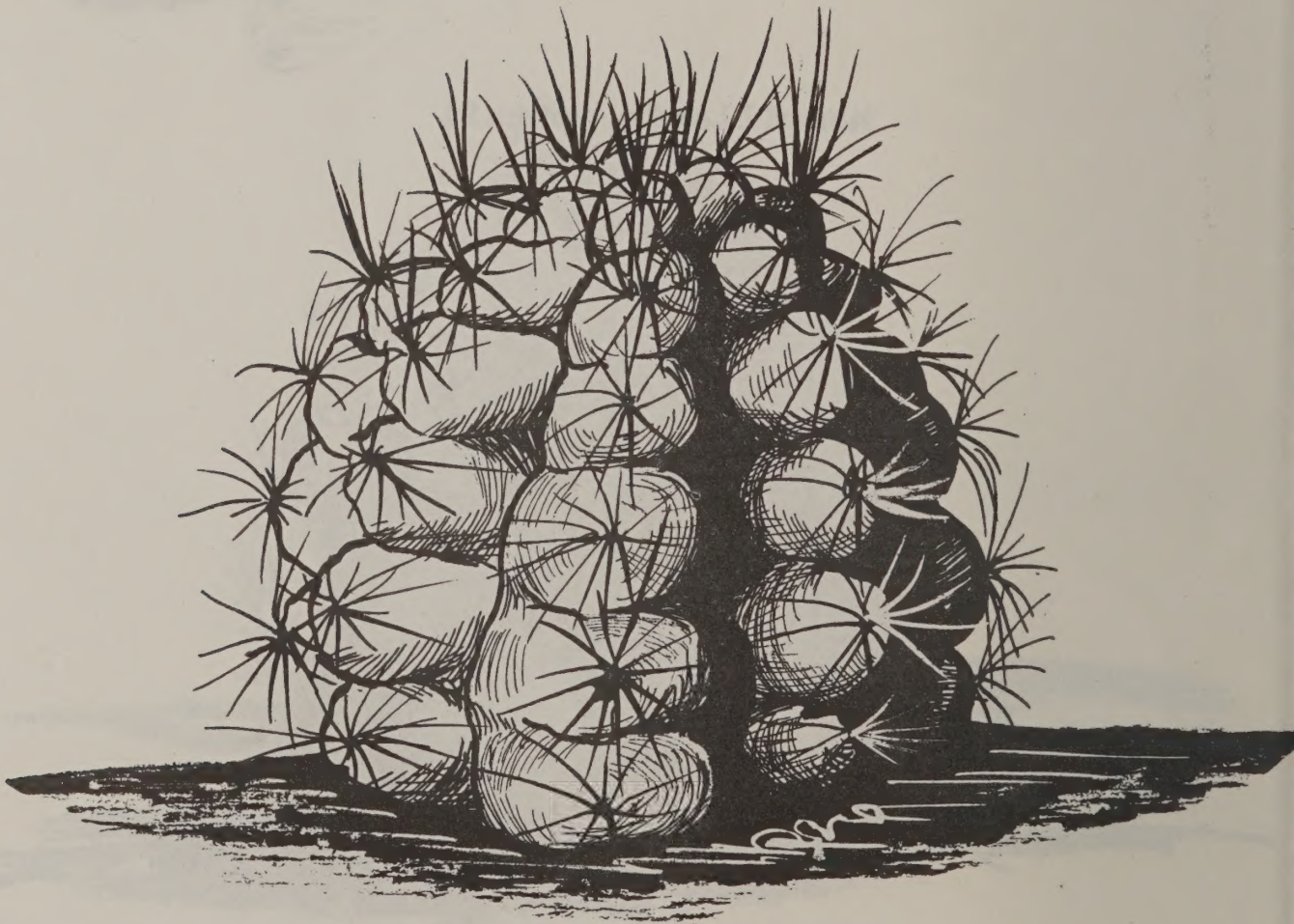
Mammillaria pottsii



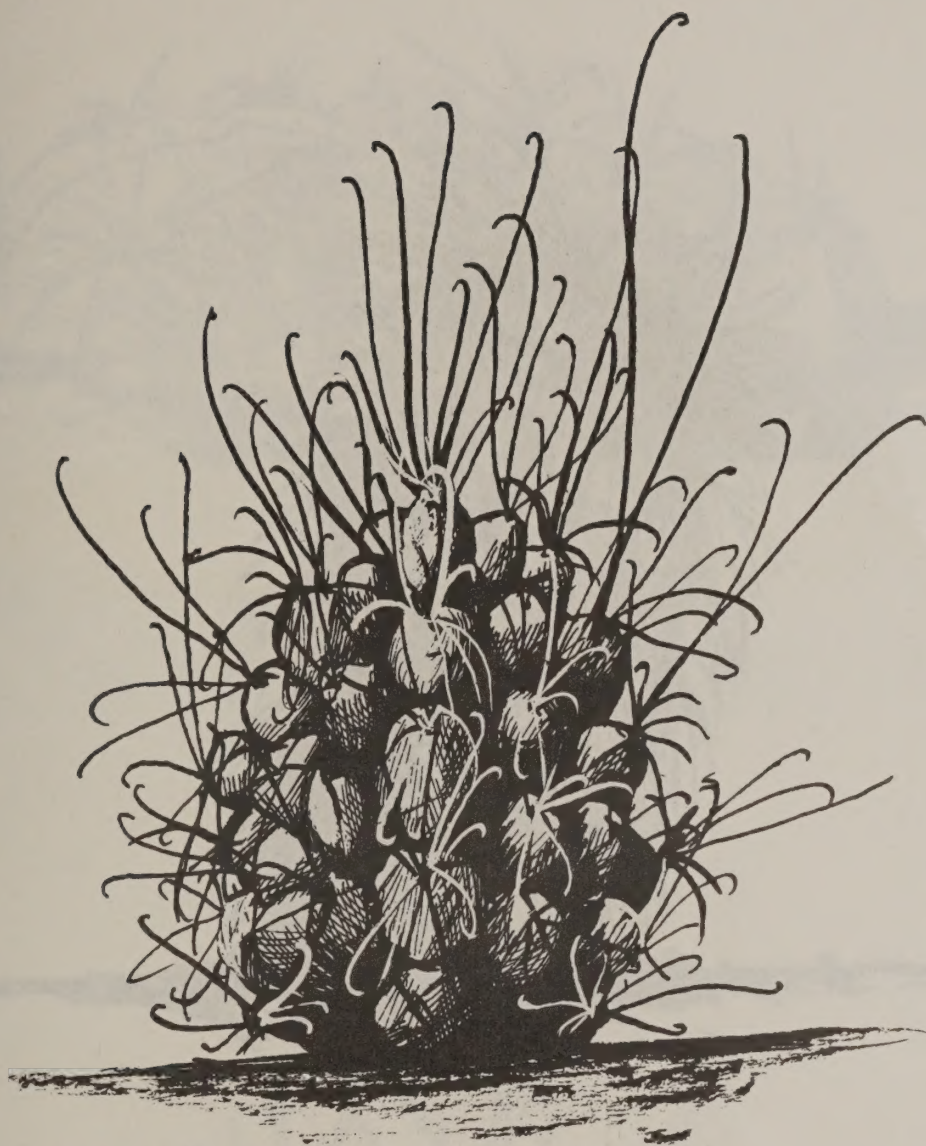
Mammillaria microcarpa



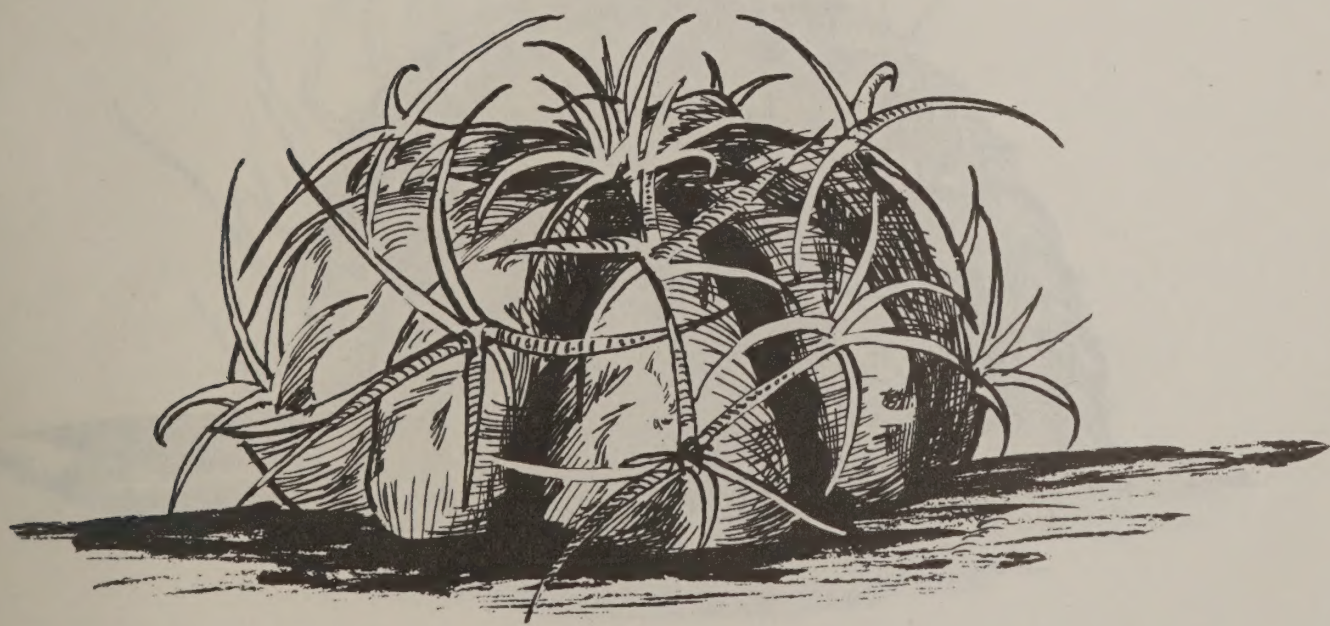
Astrophytum asterias



Thelocactus bicolor



Ferocactus uncinatus



Echinocactus horizonthalonius



Echinocereus viridiflorus



Echinocereus chloranthus
(Green Ball)



Hamoloecephala texensis



Thelocactus tricolor



Echinocereus triglochidiatus



Hamatocactus hamatacanthus

